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MA 410 Theory of Numbers, first mid-semester examination, Feb 13, 2008 Prof. Erich Kaltofen <kaltofen@math.ncsu.edu> www.math.ncsu.edu/~kaltofen/courses/NumberTheory/Spring08/ (URL) 919.515.8785 (phone) 919.515.3798 (fax)

Your Name: _

For purpose of anonymous grading, please do not write your name on the subsequent pages.

This examination consists of 5 problems, which are subdivided into 9 questions, where each question counts for the explicitly given number of points, adding to a total of **44 points**. Please write your answers in the spaces indicated, or below the questions, using the **back of the sheets** for completing the answers and **for all scratch work**, if necessary. You are allowed to consult **one** 8.5in \times 11in sheet with notes, but **not** your book or your class notes. If you get stuck on a problem, it may be advisable to go to another problem and come back to that one later.

You will have **60 minutes** to do this test.

Good luck!

Problem 1	
2	
3	
4	
5	

Total _____

Problem 1 (18 points)

(a, 5pts) Please compute $g = \gcd(732, 213)$ and $s, t \in \mathbb{Z}$ such that 732s + 213t = g. Please show all work.

(b, 4pts) Please give the prime factorization of $\binom{13}{7}$.

(c, 4pts) Please list all prime numbers ≤ 100 .

(d, 5pts) You are choosing 3 times from 4 objects, *A*, *B*, *C* and *D*. How many combinations with repetition are possible?

Problem 2 (8 points): Please prove that gcd(9a-4, 5a-2, 2a+1) = 1 for all $a \in \mathbb{Z}$.

Problem 3 (8 points): Consider the sequence of Fibonacci numbers f_n that is inductively defined for all integers $n \ge 0$ by $f_0 = 1$, $f_1 = 1$ and $f_{n+2} = f_{n+1} + f_n$. Please prove by induction that $f_n \le \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n$ for all integers $n \ge 0$.

Problem 4 (5 points): Of which we know more in count: Mersenne primes or Fermat primes?

Problem 5 (5 points): Please state Dirichlet's theorem covered in class.